

MAY DROP SWAYNE CHARGE.

HOUSE NOW RELUCTANT TO PROCEED AGAINST THE JUDGE.

Change of Sentiment Since the First Vote—Cockran Riddles the Expense Certificate Count—Judge Pardee Says Politics Is Back of the Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The remarkable case of Judge Charles Swayne of the Northern District of Florida may pass into history to-morrow when the House, by an agreement made to-day, will vote on the articles of impeachment. Although the House before the holidays voted to impeach Judge Swayne, a great change of opinion has taken place in that body since then, and, according to an informal and incomplete canvass conducted this afternoon, the special charges or articles of impeachment will be defeated. In that event the prosecution of Judge Swayne would cease. He would not be brought to trial before the Senate.

How widespread the change of sentiment has been may be gathered from the fact that while the resolution of impeachment was carried after a few hours of debate, the discussion marking the attempt to adopt the specific article of impeachment will have consumed six days when the House takes the final vote to-morrow.

The suspicions in the minds of many Republican Representatives that the prosecution of Judge Swayne was due largely to partisan motives found some confirmation to-day in the speech of one of the members of the House who came to believe. He also expressed the hope that a Republican House would not impeach Judge Swayne on charges growing out of personal malice and political prejudice.

Even Representative Lamar of Florida, who presented to the House the resolutions of the Democratic Legislature of Florida calling for Judge Swayne's impeachment, while denying the allegation of partisan motives, admitted that Judge Pardee was a man of the highest standing and held in great respect by the people of his circuit.

The case of Swayne's prosecutors was not helped either by a stirring speech from Bourke Cockran, who, while vigorously condemning Judge Pardee, acknowledged that the charge against Judge Swayne of overcharging for expenses was ridiculous. As this is the only charge which is regarded by many members as having any great weight, Mr. Cockran's effort tended still further to weaken the argument in favor of impeachment.

Mr. Lacey (Rep., Ind.) continued his review of the parliamentary history of the provision for payment of expenses to those holding court outside their districts to show that whenever considered by the House it had been treated as an additional compensation.

Mr. Grosvenor (Rep., Ohio) followed, discussing the question of Judge Swayne's personal and professional reputation and reading Judge Pardee's letter.

Bourke Cockran (Dem., N. Y.) replied to Mr. Grosvenor, lamenting that politics should have been kept out of the debate. Regarding the method of dealing with impeachment, Mr. Cockran said the House has no right to determine the question by the rules governing criminal trials, but upon a consideration of all the circumstances of the case.

CARNEGIE PAYS THE LOSSES.

Makes Good What Many Oberlin Students Were Out Through Mrs. Chadwick.

OSHERLIN, Ohio, Jan. 17.—Gratifying news was received by the students of Oberlin College to-day when President King announced at chapel that all moneys which had been lost by students through the failure of the Citizens' National Bank, which closed its doors at the time of the Chadwick exposure, would be paid on presentation of their pass books.

President King announced further that Andrew Carnegie was the man who was paying the money. At the time of the failure, in which Mr. Carnegie's name played such a prominent part, the stories of privation and hardship to students and others who had their all in the bank were brought to Mr. Carnegie's attention, and he immediately ordered a list prepared of all worthy depositors.

This list was sent to him, and to-day a check was received from Mr. Carnegie, who, President King said, while innocently figuring in the bank failure, in no way responsible, did not wish to see deserving students and others suffer.

Besides reimbursing the depositors, Mr. Carnegie reimbursed the Y. M. C. A. to the extent of about \$3,000, which had been laid aside for a new building and which was lost in the same failure.

It was said that Mr. Carnegie's home on East Ninety-second street last night that he had nothing to say about the story from Oberlin. He would neither affirm nor deny it.

MRS. CHADWICK TO GET RAIL.

Federal Court Asks Bonds for \$20,000 for Her Release.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 17.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, through her attorney, Jay P. Dawley, applied for bail before Judge W. W. of the United States District Court this afternoon. District Attorney J. J. Sullivan contended for \$15,000. Mr. Dawley held that \$15,000 would be enough, and Judge W. W. compromised by making it \$20,000, \$4,000 for each Federal indictment against her.

After the bond was filed Dawley was asked whether his client would be able to furnish it.

"What do you suppose I came here for?" he said.

As soon as bail had been named in the Federal court Prosecutor Keeler was asked what would be the effect on the State's case.

Mrs. Chadwick gives bail in the United States Court, he said, "she will be arrested on a capias to answer to the indictments returned by the County Grand Jury. The capias is now in the Sheriff's office, where it has been ready for some time for such a contingency. If application for bail is made to the Common Pleas Court, I shall at once take the matter up with Judge New."

Mr. Keeler would not say what sum he would ask for, but said the bail would be fixed on each of the three indictments separately.

LUTHER BURBANK DELUGED.

Gets More Than 1,000 Letters and Telegrams About His Everlasting Flower.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 17.—More than 1,000 letters and telegrams have been received by Luther Burbank in regard to the new "everlasting flower" which he has developed from an Australian blossom. The fact that the flower doesn't fade and never loses its color or its perfume seems to appeal strongly not only to those who are engaged in decorative work, but to milliners, who see its great advantage over artificial flowers for hats and bonnets.

Many of the letters are from florists in Europe and this country who desire exclusive rights to handle the flower. Burbank declares he has no time to exploit the commercial advantages of the flower, though it is probable that he will turn over this part of the work to some agent.

WANTED A DOG DENTIST.

Detective Quinn Declined Case When Mrs. Bernhart Asked Police Aid.

A middle-aged woman, very much perturbed, who said she was Mrs. Marie Bernhart of 414 West Forty-seventh street, entered the West Forty-seventh street police station early last night.

"Mr. Policeman," said she, catching her breath and addressing Sergt. McCann, "please tell me where I can get a doctor for my dog."

"What is the matter with your dog, madam?" inquired the sergeant, sympathetically.

"Oh, she is sick," said Mrs. Bernhart. "She gets her paw up to her head all the time, just like this." (Here Mrs. Bernhart gave a correct imitation of a dog holding its head with one paw.) "The trouble, I think, is that the gold filling has dropped out of Jessie's back tooth and left the nerve exposed again. That happened once before, you know, when we were living in Philadelphia."

"Quinn," shouted the sergeant to the sleuth of that name, who was engaged in interviewing a couple of bunco men in the back room of the station house, "there is a case for you."

Quinn tried to be a veterinarian before he became a detective, and he was not alone in the symptoms to him, rehearsing the sick dog and her paw act.

"Why," said Quinn to the sergeant, "I'm no veterinarian now. I'm a policeman. I don't know anything about dogs now; I never made \$10 graft in that business in my life."

"Well," said the sergeant, "see what you can do for the lady. You know more about the case than any of the other men in the station house, and there's no doubt that something's the matter with the dog."

Quinn hustled around to the office of Dr. Mulry, a practicing veterinarian, at Broadway and Fifty-fifth street and sent him out on the case.

JUSTLED, LOST \$300.

New Hampshire Visitor Was in Way of Young Men on 14th St. Car.

John Yardwood, a dealer in metal, who lives in New Hampshire and is stopping at the Herald Square Hotel, reported to the police of the Tenderloin station last night that he had been robbed in a west bound Thirty-fourth street car of a roll of bills, amounting to more than \$300.

SUMMONS FOR BISHOP TALBOT

DR. IRVINE GETS ONE, BUT IT ISN'T SERVED.

The Bishop Dodges the Men Who Were After Him and Hastily Cuts Short a Visit He Made to Philadelphia—Alleged Libel the Supposed Charge.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 17.—The Rev. Dr. Ingram N. W. Irvine added another chapter to the Bishop Talbot case to-day by issuing a summons for the Bishop, Dr. Irvine as his own lawyer secured the writ from Common Pleas Court No. 2. No papers were filed, but the summons is reported to be the preliminary step in a suit for criminal libel, based upon the Upjohn letter by the Bishop in reference to Dr. Irvine.

Bishop Talbot told the writ servers waiting for him when he came here to-day to attend a church committee meeting. He saw them first, however, and the Sheriff's men never got near him the whole time he was here. It took all the Bishop's ingenuity and that of his friends to effect this, however.

The Bishop missed a luncheon at the residence of George C. Thomas and he missed dinner at the residence of Ewing L. Miller, treasurer of the Philadelphia diocese, in both of which he had been expected. In fact, it is said that the Bishop did not get a chance to eat all day and that he left Philadelphia secretly and not in a pleasant mood.

In some way Bishop Talbot's friends heard of Dr. Irvine's action, and they set out to embarrass him. A programme of the Bishop's movements had been announced, and this was changed in every particular. Mr. Miller in his automobile was at the railroad station waiting for him. He rushed to the Bishop when the latter got off the train and seizing his arm almost threw him into the automobile.

At the same time he spoke in whispers to his guests.

"Indeed," the Bishop was heard to say, and the automobile whisked the remainder of the sentence away. A group of men gathered about the place where the auto had been. Two of them took a cab and followed after the auto. Straight to Mr. Thomas's residence the Bishop went.

Bishop Talbot remained only a short time at the Thomas residence. Every now and then dignified churchmen would come to the Thomas house, make a scouting trip about the house and return. Mr. Thomas himself made three trips around the block.

The Bishop decided that he wouldn't go to Mr. Miller's dinner. After this the auto came around again and the Bishop darted to the station. He seemed relieved as he sank back in his seat.

Late to-night Mr. Miller made this statement:

No summons or writ was served upon Bishop Talbot while in this city. This is positive.

Dr. Irvine's friends say that he has become tired of the technicalities that are invariably put forward to block the course of ecclesiastical charges against the Bishop, and that he hopes by his suit to force the Bishop to appear in open court and show what defense he has against Dr. Irvine's charges, based upon the Elliott case, and also upon a letter written by the Bishop regarding Dr. Irvine's personal character.

Dr. Irvine declined to discuss the action he had taken about the Bishop. It was nearly 5 o'clock when he reached his home in North Fortieth street. Upon the door was a notice that has been there for several days announcing that Dr. Irvine has nothing to say to newspaper men. This notice was removed and in its place the house door, the storm door and the front gate were locked.

At midnight the writ servers appeared. They admitted that through a mistake in names they had served their summons upon the Rev. Dr. Nathaniel F. Thomas, rector of the Church of the Holy Apostles. They had really been watching for Bishop Talbot to leave the house of George C. Thomas, but through some misunderstanding the writ servers had stationed themselves outside the Rev. Dr. Thomas's house, which is upon the same street.

As the Rev. Dr. Thomas left the house a writ server took a good look at him and then consulted a photograph he held of Bishop Talbot. In his clerical dress Dr. Thomas looks not unlike the Bishop, and the resemblance was certainly sufficient enough to deceive the man with the writ. He stopped the rector and said:

"Here, I've got something for you," and handed the writ for Bishop Talbot to Dr. Thomas.

The rector was on his way to the residence of George C. Thomas, at whose house Bishop Talbot was attending a meeting of some character. He thrust the writ in his pocket, thinking it of little importance, and he did not open it until in the presence of Bishop Talbot. When the Rev. Dr. Thomas discovered the nature of the document he again put it in his pocket and allowed Bishop Talbot to depart in peace.

LOST COAT HIS WIFE SHOT.

Made of Muskrat Skins—Vanished at the Auto Show.

William P. Shattuck of Minneapolis, who is stopping at the Holland House, and who is an exhibitor at the automobile show in Madison Square Garden, went to the Tenderloin police station about 10 o'clock last night and reported that a fur coat, made of muskrat skins, which he valued very highly on account of its associations, had been stolen from his booth in the Garden.

He told the police that there were about 100 skins in the coat, and that his wife shot every one of the muskrats on a trip which she made with him in an automobile a year ago through Minnesota, Dakota and South Dakota. His wife, he said, was a crack rifle shot, having won the Grand American Handicap shoot at Oakwood five years ago. She was, he said, the only woman who ever won this shoot.

The police promised they would look for the coat, and if they hadn't found it before Mr. Shattuck left New York, they would notify him in Washington, where he is going to consult with the Secretary of War in regard to a device to enable soldiers to shoot at night just as well as they can in the daytime.

ROOSEVELT TO VISIT WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

Williamstown, Mass., Jan. 17.—In a letter from the University of New York City, dated Saturday night, President Henry Hopkins of Williams College announced that President Roosevelt has accepted the invitation of the trustees to be present at the commencement exercises of the class of '05 of Williams College.

SEABOARD FLORIDA LTD.—Pa. R. R. Leaves New York every day at 12:30 noon, making quick time to Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and St. Augustine. A superb train. For ticket and schedule apply to P. R. R. Office at 135 Broadway.—Ad.

HELD UP JEWELRY STORE.

Then Was Seared Away, but in Escaping Butted Into the Police.

PATERNON, N. J., Jan. 17.—Patrick Feeney, a paroled State prisoner, went into the jewelry store of Cohen Bros., at 31 Main street at 9 o'clock to-night with a companion and holding a revolver at the head of Samuel Cohen, the only man in the store, ordered him to throw up his hands, at the same time saying to his companion, "Now go ahead."

Cohen wasn't scared a bit. When Feeney yelled "Throw up your hands!" the jeweler said "Not for me!" and produced from underneath the counter what the police describe as an ugly looking shooting iron. This so startled Feeney and his companion that they made for the street. Cohen shot above their heads to attract a crowd, but the two men succeeded in getting away.

Feeney in getting over fences and through crooked Bank street, made a miscalculation and came out nearly in front of Cohen's store just as the police arrived. He made a show of apparent unconcern, but was recognized and arrested. Feeney's companion escaped.

Feeney has also been identified as the man who entered Hadler's confectionery store, at 33 Main street, this afternoon at 5:30, and picking up a brass two-pound weight was about to assault the proprietor when Hadler's candy maker appeared and kicked the fellow into the street.

LOST \$20,000 AT PROGRESS CLUB.

Testimony About a Gambling Woolen Man Who Played the Races, Too.

Edward S. Thomas, trustee for the creditors of Charles L. Lightstone, woolen merchant, formerly at 111 Greene street, against whom a creditors' petition in bankruptcy was filed on Aug. 26, has obtained an order to Lightstone to show cause why he should not be compelled to turn over to the trustee \$34,423, which it is alleged he is concealing. It is alleged that in August last he received in cash from various sources \$105,418, and when he failed on Aug. 25 had less than \$800 cash in bank. He explained some of the payments by saying that he paid \$12,500 to a bookmaker named Klein, with whom he made a book last season, and that he lost \$11,200 on Aug. 19 and 20 at Saratoga playing the races and at faro. This story is not believed by the trustee.

Besides the amounts he said he had lost at the races and at faro, the testimony taken in the last few months, which has been typewritten and put on record, shows that he lost large sums playing cards at the Progress Club, at pinocle and poker, throughout the West and South, and that Solomon Sugarman, a friend, testified that he understood that Mr. Lightstone had lost \$20,000 at the club. Mr. Sugarman saw him lose \$100, \$500 and \$1,000 at a time, and one Saturday and Sunday he lost \$1,000. Mr. Lightstone was considered unlucky.

LONG ISLAND LAND SWINDLE.

Persons Out West Buying Barren Lots Near Riverhead.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Jan. 17.—For some months land in this section has been booming. The West and South, and that Solomon Sugarman, a friend, testified that he understood that Mr. Lightstone had lost \$20,000 at the club. Mr. Sugarman saw him lose \$100, \$500 and \$1,000 at a time, and one Saturday and Sunday he lost \$1,000. Mr. Lightstone was considered unlucky.

The inspectors hired a rig and then drove over to Quogue Point, which was a property advertised. They saw a vast stretch of sandy soil covered with a growth of stunted pines. There were no avenues and no stakes to indicate the lot boundaries.

Then they came back to Riverhead and looked up the records in the County Clerk's office and later went about town talking with real estate men. They also saw several men who were buying the property and sold it to boomers. In one case they found that a man in Oklahoma had paid something like \$10,000 for property which the local seller let go for \$1,000. The inspector said that many poor persons had been swindled.

OLD SERVANT INSANE.

Housekeeper Removed From David Banks's House to Bellevue.

David Banks, the law publisher of 10 West Fortieth street, had his housekeeper, Mary Clifford, who had been twenty-five years in the family, sent to Bellevue yesterday to be examined as to her sanity, and said he would be glad to pay for her maintenance. At the house he said that she had begun to act oddly several days ago and had refused to leave the house when it was suggested that she go to a sanitarium.

Yesterday when she refused to take her pay in a check and asked for cash, her brother and sister in Bayonne were sent for. They sent for the Rev. Father Monahan of the Church of the Holy Innocents and then for a doctor.

It was decided that she was insane and she was committed to Bellevue by Magistrate Ommen.

GOV. LEA IN OFFICE.

Says Vote Buying and Grafting Must Stop in the State of Delaware.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 17.—Preston Lea's inauguration as Governor of Delaware to-day chilled the corruptionists in Delaware, for the Governor stood with uplifted hand before the crowded auditorium and said:

"The provisions of our Constitution are stringent and ample to cover corruption at elections and protect the purity of the ballot, and if rightly enforced, as therein provided, would preserve uncontaminated the source of political power and enable each qualified voter to discharge his sacred duty. The provisions of the Constitution and all laws requiring the payment of money as a qualification to vote should be abolished. It is repugnant to our form of Government that any elector should be compelled to purchase the right to vote."

Gov. Lea's announcements that he would be Governor, that he would not permit grafting and that he intended to strike a death blow to vote buying have caused satisfaction.

Cataracts Removed From Archbishop Williams's Eyes.

Archbishop Williams was Successfully Operated Upon at the Carney Hospital to-day for Cataracts.

The growth had been developing for many months. It was decided some time ago that the growth would soon reach a stage proper for operation. Dr. Hackett Derby was the surgeon.

RAILWAY PRESIDENTS CONFAB

PROPOSED LEGISLATION ON RATES THEIR TOPIC.

E. H. Harriman's Adverse Views Said to Have Been Modified—Expectation That Suggestions for Practicable Regulation Will Soon Be Agreed On.

An important conference on the proposed legislation affecting railroad rates was held in this city yesterday, and in attendance at it were many of the chief men in the railroad world, including President A. J. Cassatt of the Pennsylvania system, who came to this city from Philadelphia accompanied by Vice-President Rea of the Norfolk and Western, and E. H. Harriman, head of the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific systems.

James J. Hill, president of the Northern Securities Company, did not attend the conference, but in a conference with Samuel Spencer, president of the Southern Railway, and late in the afternoon Mr. Johnson also visited Mr. Hill at the offices of the Northern Securities Company.

Mr. Cassatt, who returned to Philadelphia after the conference late in the afternoon, brought to his conference the results of his recent discussion of rate legislation with President Roosevelt, with whom he was in conference at the White House last week. Mr. Harriman has not visited Mr. Roosevelt in connection with rate legislation, and it is Wall Street's understanding that he has been opposed to any new legislation bearing upon the conduct of the railroads.

Mr. Hill, who has just returned from Washington after a visit there of a number of days, in the course of which he had a long talk with the President and with various members of Congress, is known to be opposed to any pooling arrangement, while it is understood that Mr. Cassatt, with whom the President has advised freely during the rate question agitation, favors Government supervision to a certain degree, possibly in the form of some pooling arrangement.

It was for the purpose of bringing these discordant views into some sort of harmony which should lead to a united policy on the part of the great railroads of the country that yesterday's informal conference, which followed many informal ones, was held. The positions of the various railroad men in attendance at the conference were set forth at some length, and while no statement regarding the final decision as to the possibility of united action could be obtained from any of those in attendance at the conference, it is believed that one result of it was a modification of Mr. Harriman's views to such a degree that his influence will hereafter be thrown with that of Mr. Cassatt in furthering such legislation as may be decided upon.

It is expected that the results of yesterday's conference will soon be laid before President Roosevelt. While there may be further conferences before a final decision is reached, it is believed in high financial circles that these conferences will be very few in number and that a decision will be very quickly reached.

It was reported in Wall Street yesterday that President Ripley of the Atchafalaya (which has been accused of giving rebates to the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company), at whose famous dinner to the railroad presidents the rate situation was first taken up for discussion, would be in town to-day to attend a meeting of the directors of the Atchafalaya, which, according to the report, was to be given over to a discussion of its policy in respect to the charges laid before the Interstate Commerce Commission. It was said later, however, that President Ripley will not be in town and that the purpose of the meeting is wholly routine.

President Marvin Hight of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad was in town yesterday to attend a meeting of the board, and the meeting was also attended by William K. Vanderbilt, whose presence in the Street called for some comment. Mr. Hight also discussed the rate situation with his brother railroad presidents and left again for the West last night.

MRS. DUKE DROPS OUT?

Inquest She Asked For Put Off a Week. While Other Proceedings Go On.

Counsel for Mrs. Brodie L. Duke, who recently got Justice Gaylor to appoint a commission to try Duke's sanity before a Sheriff's jury, got from Justice Gaylor yesterday an order postponing the inquest from Jan. 19 to Jan. 26.

Some of the other lawyers think that Mrs. Duke will now cease to figure in this branch of the case. Examination of Duke before Justice Gaylor on the return of the writ of habeas corpus obtained by Duke's secretary is down to go on before Justice Gaylor on Thursday.

In this county there is an order returnable on Friday before Justice Greenbaum to show cause why a committee of the person and name of Duke should not be appointed. This order was obtained by Duke's relatives.

NEW YORKERS CHARGE TO FIND MRS. DUKE. Chicago, Jan. 17.—Word was received to-day from the New York authorities that Mrs. Alice Webb-Duke may be on her way to Chicago. The local police were asked to look out for the woman, and in the dispatches were told that detectives would immediately follow her here, should it be learned positively that she is coming here.

Charles F. Taylor, partner of Mrs. Duke, says she will remain in New York until the cases she is interested in are heard.

SCALDED IN NURSERY BATH.

The Death of Elsie Anderson to Go Before the Grand Jury.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Jan. 17.—The case of Elsie Anderson, the three-year-old foundling who died in the Elizabeth General Hospital on Sunday as the result of a scalding bath given her on Saturday night in the Egenolf Day Nursery, will be investigated by the Grand Jury which is now in session.

The board of managers of the Elizabeth Day Nursery met to-day at the home of Mrs. Emily E. Williamson, the president, who is also a State probation officer, to get in shape evidence for presentation to Prosecutor English. Miss Hart is the nurse who it is said had charge of the child, and she also was the matron of the nursery.

Miss Hart is said to be at the home of a relative here. The police say they can reach her whenever she is wanted, but no complaint has yet been made to them.

PRIESTHURST N. C. SPECIAL.

Leave for New York, except Sunday, via P. R. R. and Southern Ry. Sleeping car Washington to New York. N. Y. Offices, 271 and 1185 B'way.—Ad.

RADIUM IN THE SUN.

Prof. Snyder of the Philadelphia Observatory Says He Has Found It.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 17.—Prof. Monroe B. Snyder, director of the Philadelphia Observatory, to-night announced a discovery in the field of radioactivity. In his own words it is this:

"I have discovered the existence of radium in the solar photosphere and of radium emanation in the solar corona and in the auroral streamers of the earth. I have also found that radium and radium emanation, the latter identical with coronium, are widely and correlatively distributed in stars, new stars, nebulae and very probably comets."

CHARGES AGAINST MORTON?

Lake Submarine Co. Disappointed With His Award of Contracts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Reports were current to-night that charges may be preferred against Secretary Morton with the Senate and House Naval Affairs committees in connection with awarding of contracts to the Holland Submarine Torpedo Boat Company for six new submarines.

The Lake Submarine Torpedo Boat Company will, it is said, allege that Secretary Morton awarded the contracts to the Holland company without giving competing companies an opportunity to show what they could do in the way of furnishing the vessels. The Lake company, it is stated, contends that the contracts called for competition, which was not allowed by the Department.

The law gives Mr. Morton the widest possible latitude in the matter.

CARRIED OVER NIAGARA FALLS.

Workman Falls Into River and is Killed at the Horseshoe.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Joseph Labrosse, who was employed on the crib work of the Electrical Development Company of Ontario, Limited, on the Canadian side of the river, accidentally slipped this morning and before his fellow workmen could reach him he had been carried by the current toward the brink of the Horseshoe Falls. All that his companions could do was to watch him toes up and down on the waves as he floated toward the falls, 200 feet distant. The trip required but a few minutes, and then Labrosse shot over the precipice.

A man who fell into the river with Labrosse was saved, it having been his good luck to catch the crib work, where he held on until rescued.

The accident to-day is the second life sacrificed in this way at the Canadian power works.

KILLED BY AUTO IN THE PLAZA.

Joseph O'Donnell of Brooklyn Run Over by an Electric Cab.

An electric hansom cab, driven by George Morney of 603 West Forty-third street, knocked down and ran over a man at the Plaza, Fifty-ninth street and Fifth avenue, last night. The injured man was taken to Flower Hospital, where he died shortly after midnight. The body was identified as that of Joseph O'Donnell of 106 Sandford street, Brooklyn.

The driver of the cab was arrested and looked up in the East Fifty-first street station.

MARRIES HIS WIFE'S NURSE.

Wife Died of Accidental Poisoning About Three Weeks Ago.

HASTINGS, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Charles Scott of this village was married on Thursday last in a church on Thirty-ninth street, New York city,